

Ingeniería 2014

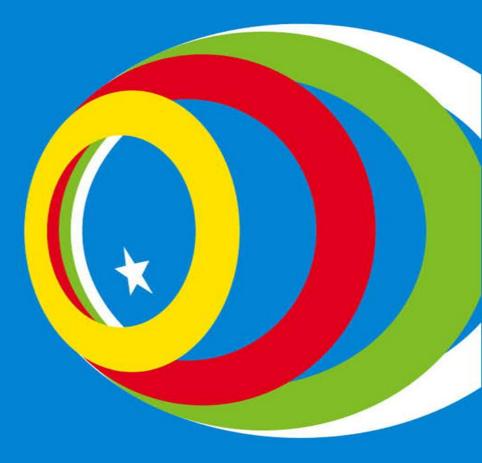
Latinoamérica y Caribe Congreso - Exposición

Construyendo un Futuro Regional Sostenible

4 al 6 de Noviembre de 2014 - Centro Costa Salguero - Buenos Aires - Argentina

Developing and Assessing Engineering Competencies

Lueny Morell <u>Lueny.morell@gmail.com</u> Miércoles 5 noviembre 2015 11:30





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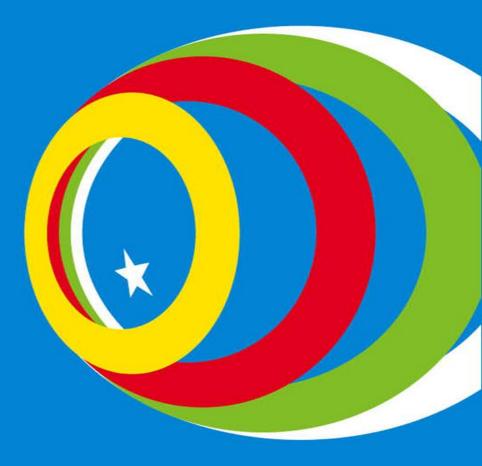
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Desarrolland y Evaluando Competencias de la Ingeniería

Lueny Morell <u>Lueny.morell@gmail.com</u> Miércoles 5 noviembre 2015 11:30

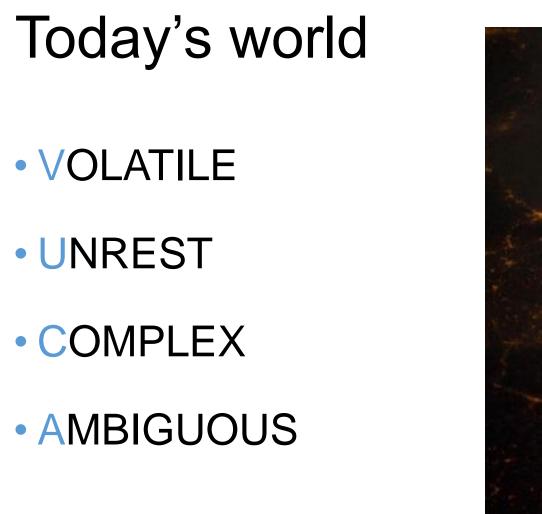


agenda

- What are competencies and why are they so important?
- How can competencies be developed?
- How can competencies be assessed?
- Final thoughts
- Q/A

Competencies = Σ knowledge, skills, attitudes/values

Why are competencies important?





Source: Dr. Bob Johansen, President and CEO of the Institute for the Future

10.9 BILLION

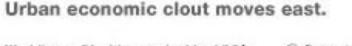


The world's expected population in 2100 (up from current 7.2 billion)

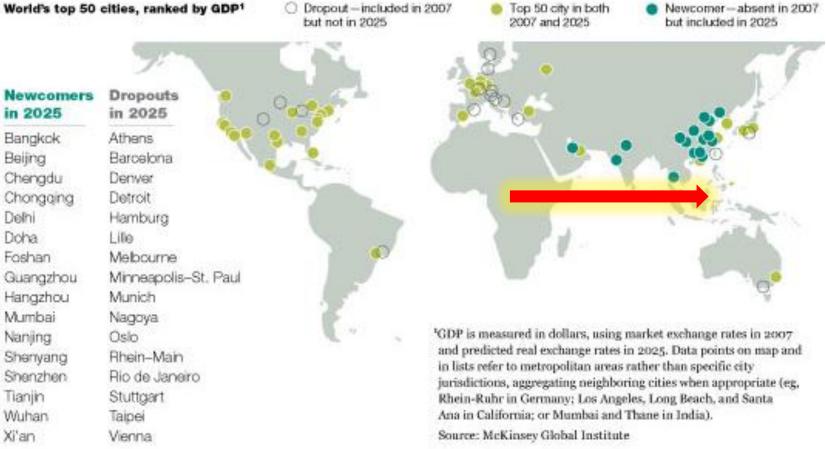
Urban economic shifts

2007 - 8

2025 -20/50



Xi'an

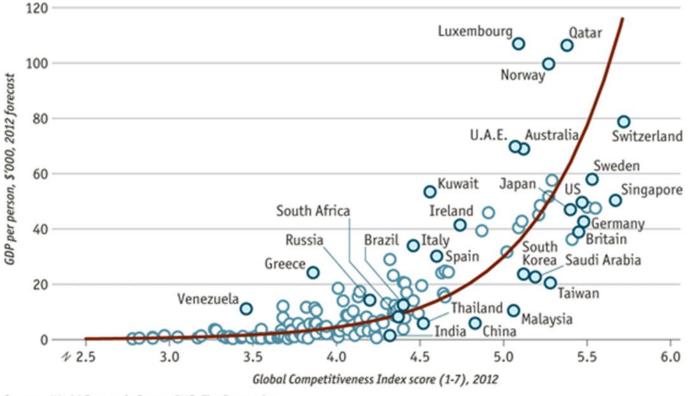


McKinsey Quarterly, September 2011 Newsletter

Global competitiveness & GDP (2012)

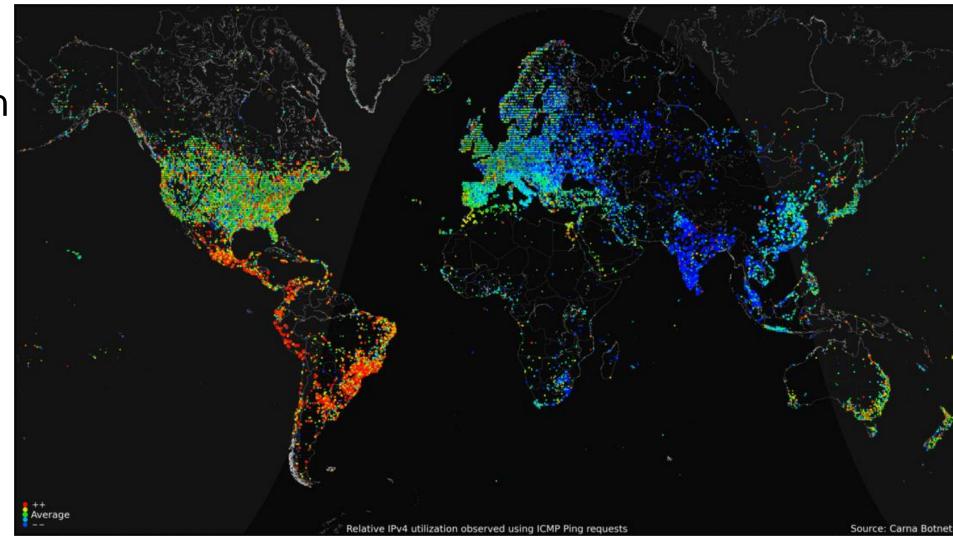
Global competitiveness and GDP per person





Sources: World Economic Forum; IMF; The Economist

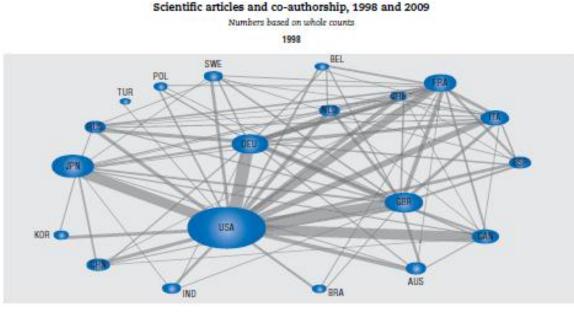
Enhanced communication s



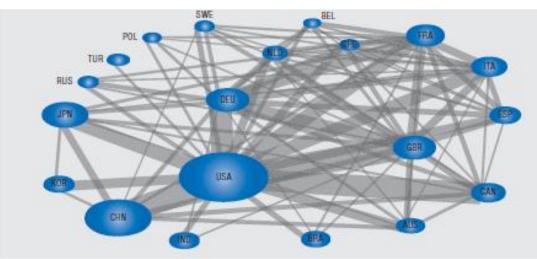
R&D collaboration & global distribution intensifying

Intensifying collaboration in research

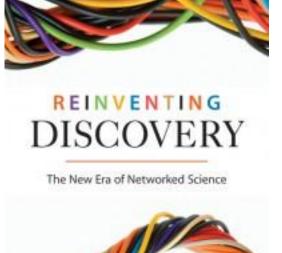
New players are emerging in the research landscape (the size of the bubble reflects the number of scientific publications) and collaboration is intensifying (the thickness of the link reflects the intensity of collaboration, i.e. co-authorships).



2009



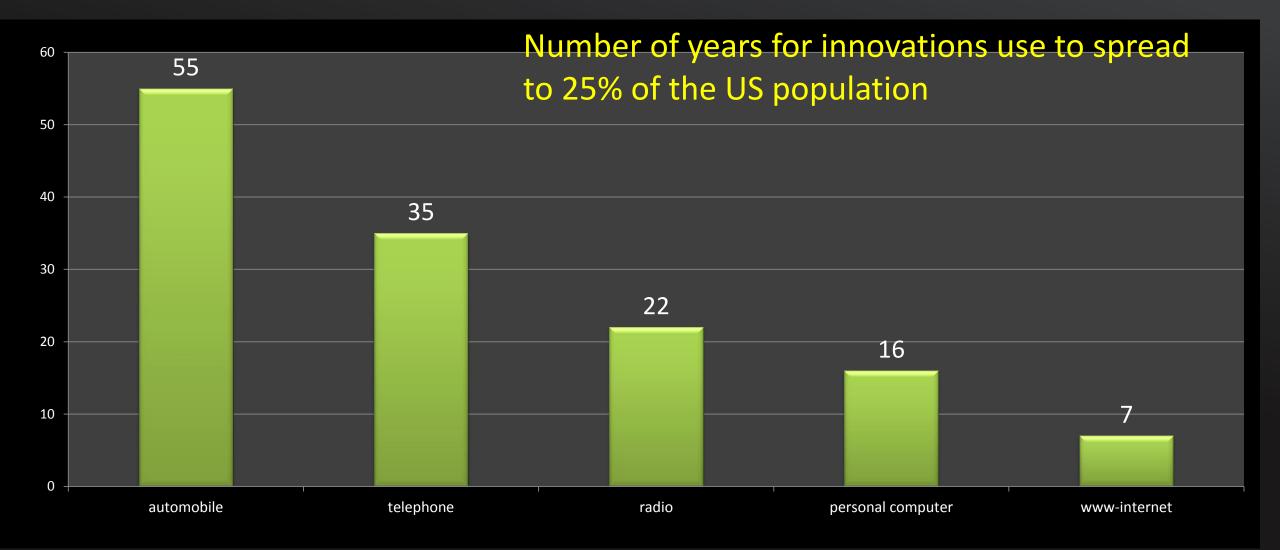
Source: OECD, calculations based on Scopus Custom Data, Elsevier, December 2010.





MICHAEL NIELSEN

Innovation is spreading at an ever-increasing rate



Source: Innovate America, a 2004 report from the Council on Competitiveness

"In the spirit of honoring traditions, universities hang on to past practices imperiling their future."

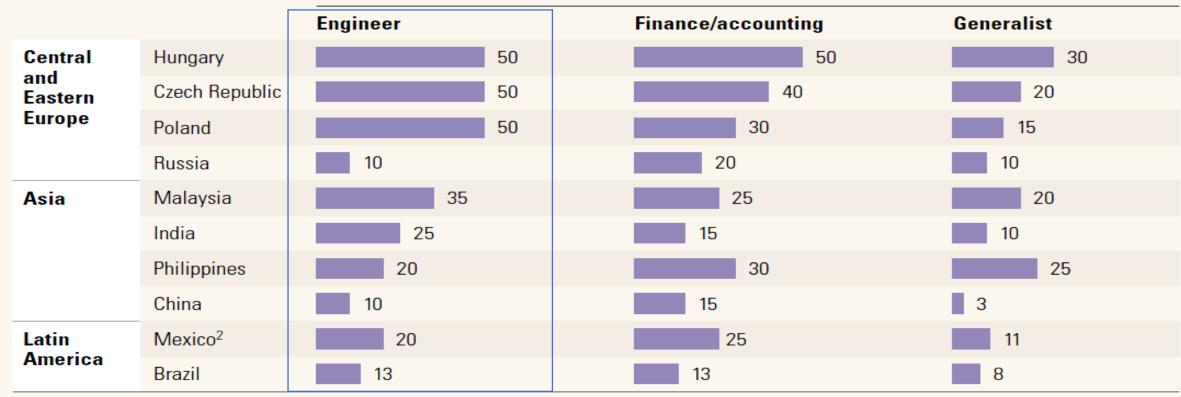
Clayton Christensen Harvard University



The talent challenge

% of candidates considered suitable for hire1

Of 100 graduates with the correct degree, how many could you employ if you had demand for all?



¹Suitability rates empirically based on 83 interviews with human-resources (HR) professionals working in countries shown. ²Mexico is the only country where interview results were adjusted—to 20% (from 42%) for engineers and to 25% (from 35%) for finance/accounting employees—since interview base was thinner and risk of misunderstandings high.

Source: Interviews with HR managers, HR agencies, and heads of global-resourcing centers; McKinsey Global Institute analysis

Source: McKinsey Quarterly, Making talent a strategic priority, January 2008

Latin America Numbers

- 57% of students in the social sciences, 16% in engineering
 •3 psychology students for each engineering student
- Together with Africa, LA is the region with less investment in R&D

•2% of the world's investment (Brazil, Mexico, Argentina and Chile)
•Asia/Pacific region amounts to 28%; Europe, 30%, US, 39%
•All of LA & Caribbean countries invest LESS than South Korea
•South Korea: 7500 patents; Brazil: 100

– Why these low numbers?

•R&D is mainly conducted in universities, disconnected with the market needs
•Obsession with past history

Politics

Long vacations

•Arrogance?

Latin America Numbers

- 57% of students in the social sciences, 16% in engineering
•3 psychology students for each engineering student

"Las universidades (en la región) se han convertido en vacas sagradas... cuando deben ser pilar fundamental para preparar a los países para tener los conocimientos y habilidades para competir en un mercado mundial" Andrés Oppenheimer, 2010

•R&D is mainly conducted in universities, disconnected with the market needs
•Obsession with past history

•Politics

Long vacations

•Arrogance?

I have a cum-laude degree in molecular biometrics from Cambridge; a PhD in quantum physics from MIT; gold medal in....

Yes... but what can you DO?

WE NEED A NEW BREED OF ENGINEER

Diverse, interdisciplinary, & all flavors of creative.

A locally pertinent but globally competitive engineer.

BREADTH

AT CON

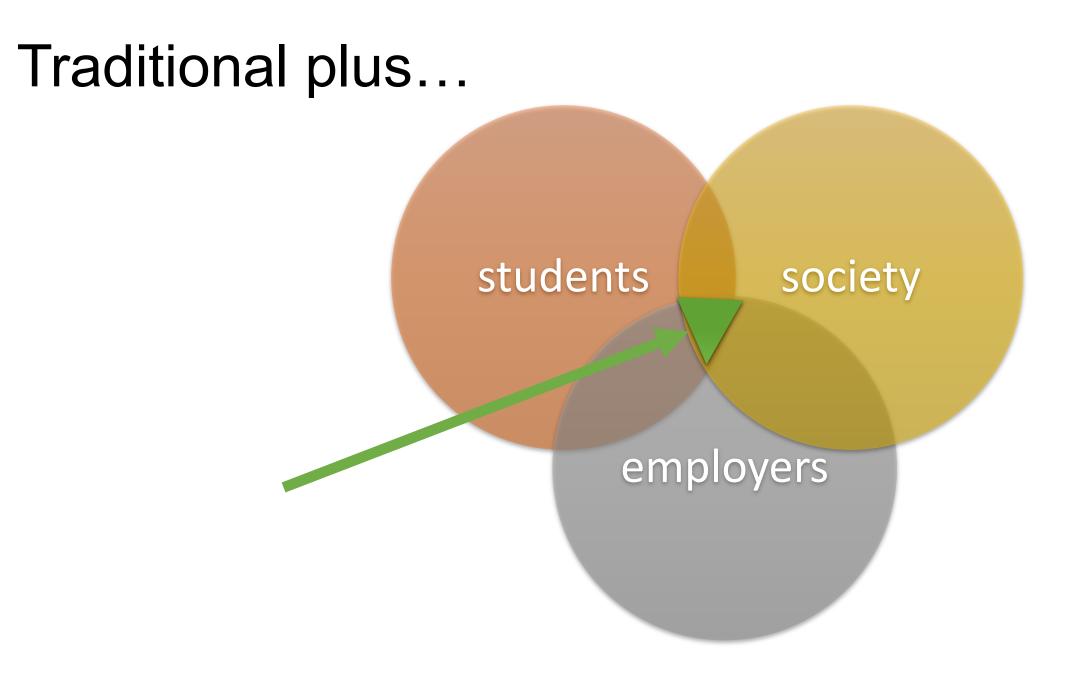
IN ENGINEERING -SKILLS/ATTITUDES & VALUES ARE CRITICAL

IT'S NOT WHAT YOU KNOW... BUT WHAT YOU CAN DO WITH WHAT YOU KNOW! WHAT ARE YOUR COUNTRY'S ECONOMIC CLUSTERS?

WHAT ARE THEIR CURRENT & FUTURE NEEDS?



WHAT KNOWLEDGE?

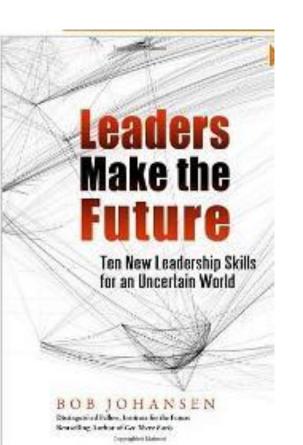


SKILLS, ATTITUDES & VA

Employers' opinions on engineering competencies

Skill/Quality	Weighted average rating*	
Ability to work in a team structure	4.60	EWob
Ability to verbally communicate with persons inside and outside the	◆ J NAC	Even
organization	4.59	
Ability to make decisions and solve problems	4.49	
Ability to obtain and process information	4.46	
Ability to plan, organize, and prioritize work	4.45	
Ability to analyze quantitative data	4.23	
Technical knowledge related to the job	4.23	
Proficiency with computer software programs	4.04	
Ability to create and/or edit written reports	3.65	
Ability to sell or influence others	3.51	

Professional skills of the 21st century technology leaders



- **Mobability** ability to work in large groups; talent for organizing & collaborating with many people simultaneously
- Influency ability to be persuasive in multiple social contexts & media spaces and erstanding that are context & space requires a different persuasive regy by the pique
- **Protovation** fearless innovation in rapid, iterative circles
- Emergensight ability to prepare for & handle surprising results & complexity
- **Cooperation Radar** the ability to sense, almost intuitively, who would make the best collaborators on a particular task

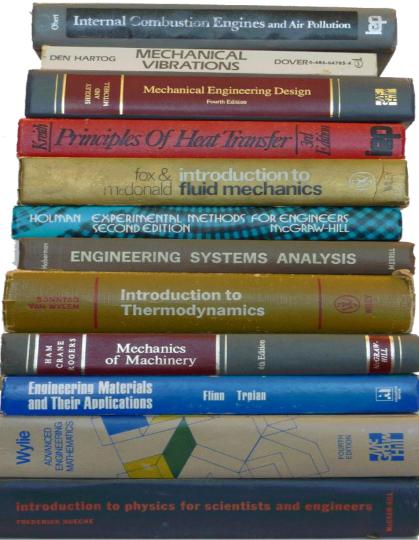
Things I was not taught at my University

Communication (non-written)

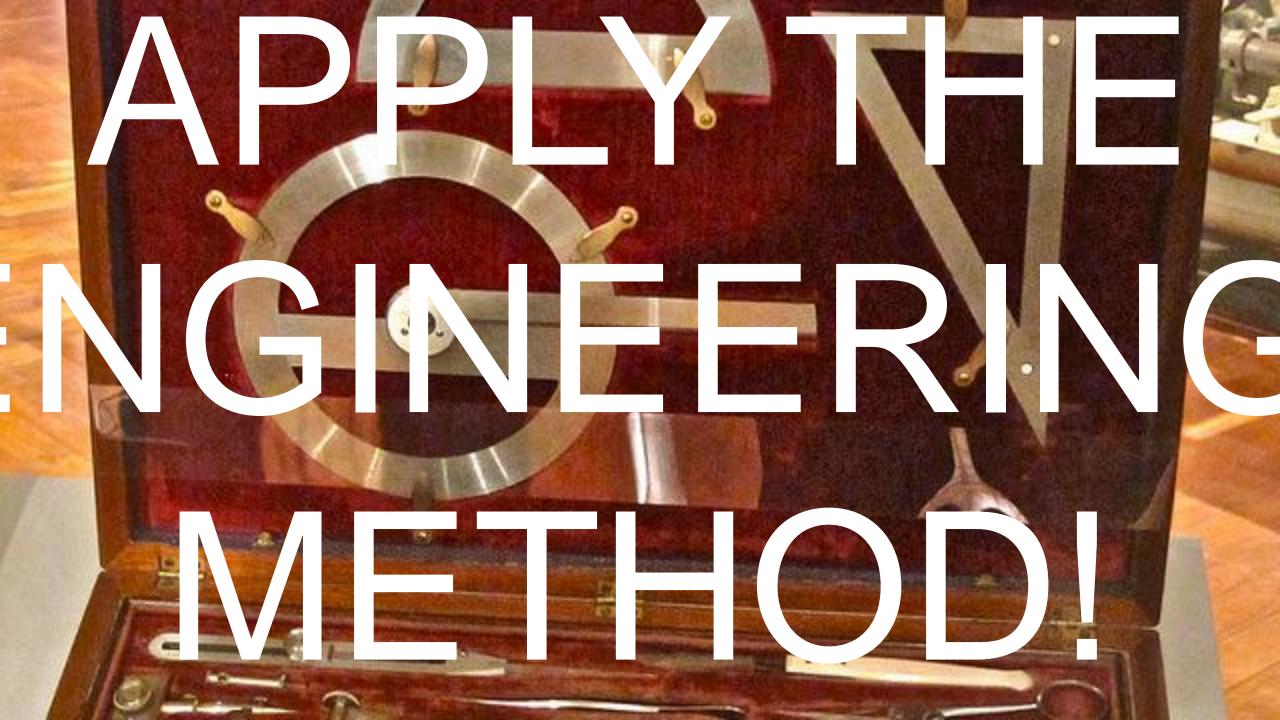
Project management

Business basics

Social conscience



IOW CAN COMPETENCIES BE DEVELOPED?



5 STEPS

1. DEFINE COMPETENCIES 2. PLAN THE LEARNING PROCESS 3. MEASURE & ANALYZE OUTCOMES 4. SHARE & DISCUSS $\cap \Pi = \Box$

Learning Outcomes	Outcome 1 - Evaluate and use big data systems engineering to analyze, evaluate, and design technologies in an enterprise setting	Outcome 2 - Design solutions to big data challenges taking economic and societal constraints into account	Outcome 3 - Work in multi- disciplinary, multi- stakeholder, culturally diverse teams	Outcome 4 - Communicate effectively with multiple stakeholders	Outcome 5 - Leverage and influence professional networks	Outcome 6 - Apply security and ethical standards	Outcome 7 - Manage projects and time effectively	Outcome 8 - Respect and embrace diversity and cultures	Outcome 9 - Be flexible and adaptive
Courses/Depth of Learning*									
CSBD 5001: Introduction to Big Data Technologies	3	-	1	1	1	1	-	1	1
CSBD 5050: Big Data Leadership and Entrepreneurism	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CSED 5002: Eig Data Infrastructure	5	5	1	1	1	3	1	1	1
CSBD 5003: The Art and Science of Inquiry	5	5	1	1	1	3	1	1	1
CSBD 5004: Big Data Visualization and Analytics	5	5	1	1	1	3	1	1	1
CSBD 5020: Big Data Governance and Stewardship	5	5	1	1	1	5	1	1	1
CSED 5008: Special Topics in Big Data	3 to 5	3 to 5	1	1	1	3	1	1	1
CSBD 5009: Big Data Focus Elective	3 to 5	3 to 5	1	1	1	3	1	1	1
CSBD 5010: Big Data Industry Practicum	5	5	1	1	1	3	1	1	1
CSBD 5051: Big Data Capstone Project	5	5	1	1	1	5	1	1	1

The Way We Teach



Research-trained faculty One-answer problems Lecture, "recipe" labs Analytical sophistication Individual work Few presentations One country, one culture Few constraints Risk discouraged "Just-in-case" delivery



Engineering Practice



Real experience valued Multiple good solutions Learn by doing Get job done at lowest cost Teamwork Many presentations Many countries, many cultures Business constraints rai quickly to succeed sooner "Just-in-time" learning

Learning environments



"I do not teach anyone, I only provide the environment in which they can learn "

Albert Einstein



What we can learn from Google, IDEO and Pixar?

- IDEO: A transparent space where projects take the spotlight
- Google: Holistic environments and a playful culture
- Pixar: The art and science of spontaneity and story



From this



To this



Go beyond the lecture!

- Skills development
 - Writing, presenting
 - Ethics across the curriculum
 - Student teams
- Practical experiences
 - Industry internships
 - Industry projects
 - Real life examples
- Industry Advisory Boards
- Active learning
 - Project/problem based learning
 - Cooperative/collaborative learning



IT'S IN THE SYLLABUS

This message brought to you by every instructor that ever lived. WWW.PHDCOMICS.COM

IOW CAN COMPETENCIES BE ASSESSED?

Traditional methods (exams, quizzes) + tools for assessing "soft skills" (teamwork, ethics)

Assessment tool	To be completed by	Timeline	Responsible
Pre-Survey (all learning outcomes + reflection)	Students	First day of class	Provost office
Exit-Survey (all learning outcomes + faculty evaluation + reflection)	Students, Faculty, Alumni, Employers	Last day of class, every three years (for alumni & employers)	Provost office
Hmwk, tests, projects	Students	All courses	Faculty
Teamwork assessment	Students, Peers	Once per year - tbd	Faculty
Oral presentation assessment	Students, Peers	All courses	Faculty
Written report assessment	Students	All courses	Faculty
Networking Focus Group	Selected group of students	Once per year - tbd	Faculty
Ethics assessment	Students, peers	Once per year - tbd	Faculty
Project management assessment	Students, peers	Once per year - tbd	Faculty
Diversity Focus Group	Selected group of students; selected group of faculty	Once per year – tbd	Provost Office
Adaptability Focus Group	Selected group of students; Selected group of faculty	Once per year – tbd	Provost Office

NEU-UNH Learning Outcomes Assessment

draft

TEAMWORK

Palo	Alto,	Ca	liforr	nia
i uio	/ 1100,	cu		

Date:					
Your name:					
Course:	NEU-UNH Learning Outcomes Assessment				
	ETHICS ACROSS THE CURRICULUM				c .
Please list your group members and rate each one and yourself with respect to team p on this scale:	Palo Alto, California		0	dra	1
1 - Poor 3 - Average 5 – Excellent	Date:				
	Your name:				
name of team member participation	Course:				
1.	Purpose: To determine the frequency and types of exposure to ethical issues	s in the cur	rriculu	ım.	
2.	Directions: Below you will find a series of activities in ethics. Assess your exposure to each activit				t
3.	following scale:				
4.	1 - Poor or no exposure				
5.	3 - Adequate				
5.	5 - Excellent				
	Activity 5	5 4 3	3 2	1	
	a. Read parts of an engineering code of ethics	+++	T		
Define the group dynamics in your team:	b. Participated in a curricular or extracurricular activity that has a major	++	+	++	
Team members are willing to listen to and respect each other's ideas and input.	ethical component				
NeverSeldomSometimesOftenAlways	c. Attended a special lecture or conference (outside of regular classes)				
Team members are helpful towards each other.	with a major ethical component.	\rightarrow	\perp	\square	
NeverSeldomSometimesOftenAlways	d. Spent time identifying and addressing the ethical issues in a major design experience.				
	e. Took a course in ethics	++	+	+	
Conflicts among team members are resolved effectively and constructively.	f. Discussed ethics issues with my team members, professors and	++	+	+	
NeverSeldomSometimesOftenAlways	industry mentors				
There is a dominant member in your group that exerts control over all other members	g. An instructor included an ethics issue in one of his or her classes.	++	+	++	
NeverSeldomSometimesOftenAlways	h. A guest lecturer came to one of my classes and discussed ethical issues	++	+	++	
	and cases.				
CONFIDENTIAL. NEU will not use personal information disclosed in this document for any pu	i. Participated in an ethics competition such as the ethics bowl.	++	+	++	
than evaluation of learning outcomes for the sole purpose of continuous improvement.	j. Participated in drafting a student code of conduct for my student	++	+	++	
	association, for practicum experiences or other situations. Explain.				

NEU-UNH Learning Outcomes Assessment

ORAL PRESENTATION

Palo Alto, California

name:

se:

uctions: Use the following scale to assess the presentation.

3 – Average 5 – Excellent oor

1 - PRESENTATION

CATEGORY	5	4
Organization		
Level		
Knowledge of material		
Time		
Delivery		
Quality of language		
Order/sequence		
Management of questions		
Ability to discuss project and methodology		
Personal appearance/manners		
TOTAL		

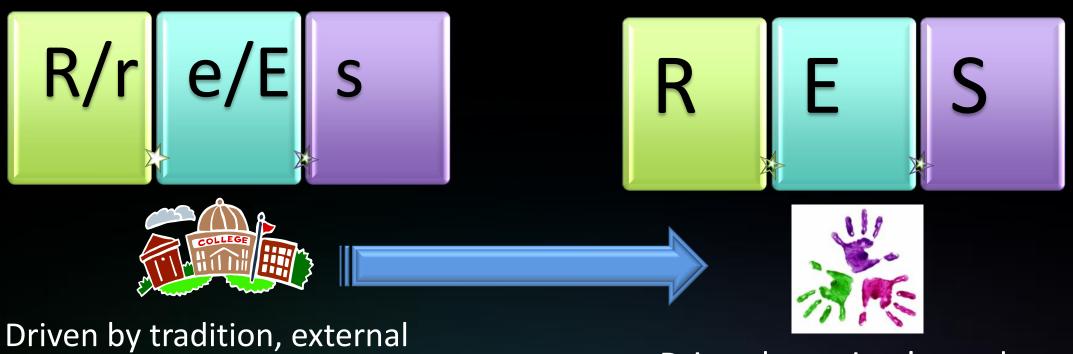
FINAL THOUGHTS



"The value of an education is not the learning of many facts, but the training of the mind to think something that cannot be learned from textbooks."

Albert Einstein

UNIVERSITIES' MISSION TRANSFORMATION



Driven by tradition, externa funds, & individual work/recognition

Driven by society's needs, common good & teamwork

Enablers: governments & funding agencies, rectors/deans, faculty,...



DISRUPT OR BE

INNOVATE OR DIE

"Start by doing what's necessary, then what's possible, and suddenly you are doing the impossible." - St. Francis Assisi

Happiness is when what you think, what you say, and what you do are in harmony. - Gandhi